

WHAT'S THE ISSUE?

- 2015 CIGNA study:
 - 66% of HR professionals reported issues with chronic abuse of FMLA intermittent leave.
 - 80% of HR professionals reported that tracking and administering FMLA intermittent leave was their most difficult challenge.
 - Unplanned absences can cost a 1,000 employee company \$4 million per year



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ON THE FRONT LINES OF WORKPLACE LAW

FMLA COVERAGE

- Employer
 - Private-sector employer with 50 or > employees in 20 or > workweeks in the current or prior calendar year
 - Public agency, including a local, state, or federal government agency, regardless of the number of employees it employs
- Employee
 - Has worked for the employer for at least 12 months;
 - Has at least 1,250 hours of service for the employer during the 12 month period immediately preceding the

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LEAVE ENTITLEMENT

- Twelve workweeks of leave in a 12-month period for
 - the birth of a child and to care for the newborn child;
 - the placement with the employee of a child for adoption or foster care:
 - to care for the employee's spouse, child, or parent who has a serious health condition;
 - a serious health condition that makes the employee unable to perform the essential functions of his or her job

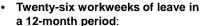


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LEAVE ENTITLEMENT

- Twelve workweeks of leave in a 12month period for:
 - any qualifying exigency arising out of the fact that the employee's spouse, son, daughter, or parent is a covered military member on "covered active duty;" or



 to care for a covered servicemember with a serious injury or illness if the eligible employee is the servicemember's spouse, son, daughter, parent, or next of kin (military caregiver leave).



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INTERMITTENT LEAVE



- "Leave taken in separate periods of time due to a single illness or injury, rather than for one continuous period of time, and may include leave of periods from an hour or more to several weeks."
 - 29 C.F.R.§ 825.102

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WHAT LEAVE IS REQUIRED?

- An employer is <u>required</u> to grant intermittent leave when such leave is:
 - Medically necessary for the employee's own serious health condition
 - Medically necessary for the serious health condition of a child, spouse or parent
 - Medically necessary for the care of a covered servicemember with a serious injury or illness
 - A "covered active duty" qualifying exigency

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WHAT LEAVE IS REQUIRED?

- An employer <u>may</u> grant employees intermittent leave when such leave is needed for:
 - the birth of a child and to care for the newborn child



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THE ISSUES



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- · Employee suffers from depression.
- Dr. certifies that the employee will have 4 episodic flare-ups every 6 months requiring intermittent absences.
- Employee has more than 4 flare-ups in the 1st month.
- After the 8th flare-up in the month, Supervisor sends the Dr. a fax asking to reconfirm that the Employee would only have 4 flare-ups per mo.
- Dr. says 4 means 4. Employee disciplined for the absences > the 1st 4 based on Dr. confirmation.

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QUESTIONING CERTIFICATIONS

- Incomplete or insufficient certification
 - Request to employee
 - In writing
 - Employee has 7 days to provide
 - After 7 days, employer can contact HCP
 - But not the immediate supervisor
- Clarification
 - Request to HCP
 - · Dates, duration, frequency
- Authentication
 - · Request to HCP

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ASK FOR A SECOND OPINION

- "An employer who has reason to doubt the validity of a medical certification may require the employee to obtain a second opinion at the employer's expense."
 - employee gets leave provisionally
 - · employer pays HCP
 - · out of pockets; out of area travel
 - HCP cannot be employed on a regular basis by the employer
 - this process only applies to initial certification

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GET A THIRD OPINION

- "If the opinions of the employee's and the employer's designated health care providers differ, the employer may require the employee to obtain certification from a third health care provider, again at the employer's expense."
 - · final and binding
 - · jointly approved
 - · cooperation required

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FACT SCENARIO

- Employee is in a car accident that results in a back injury.
- Dr. certifies that, for three to four years, Employee will have "1–2 day intermittent episodes of incapacity per month" due to injury.
- Employer requires employee to provide recertification of need for intermittent leave every 6 months.
- Employee is out 4 consecutive days due to flare up of back injury.
- Employer requires recertification even though last recertification was only 2 weeks prior.

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RECERTIFICATION

- Can request every 30 days/6 months for long-term conditions that require sporadic absences, with caveats
- Can request whenever circumstances change
 - duration
 - frequency
- Can request based on suspicious circumstances
- Can request at beginning of new FMLA year

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- Internal auditor suffers from migraines that incapacitate her for up to a week at a time.
- Dr. certifies her for FMLA intermittent leave.
- Internal auditor normally works 40 hours per week, but during audit time each year is required to work at least 48 hours per week.
- Internal auditor suffers a migraine during an audit week and is off the entire week.
- Employer charges internal auditor for one week of FMLA leave.

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COUNTING ABSENCES

- 29 C.F.R. § 825.205(b)
 - If an employee would normally be required to work overtime, but is unable to do so because of an FMLA—qualifying reason that limits the employee's ability to work overtime, the hours which the employee would have been required to work may be counted against the employee's FMLA entitlement.



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COUNT ALL ABSENCES

- Take advantage of FMLA tools
- Track and record leave usage
 - All intermittent leave should be accounted for
 - · Use shortest increments for other types of leave
 - Don't allow more leave than needed
- · Reevaluate eligibility
- Periodically audit intermittent leave takers

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- Employee has a spinal disorder that requires periodic doctor visits.
- Dr. certifies Employee as needing intermittent leave once every 60 days for treatment.
- Employee schedules all appointments on Fridays, normally on a couple of days' notice.
- Per policy, Employee is required to provide a doctor's note after each appointment to verify the reason for his absence.
- Employee fails to provide a doctor's note after an appointment and is given a verbal counseling.

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REQUIRE NOTICE



- Provide 30 day advance notice for foreseeable leave whenever possible
- Provide notice for unforeseeable leave as soon as practicable
- The employee must make a reasonable effort to plan the leave so as not to unduly disrupt the employer's operations

• interactive process

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APPLY LEAVE POLICY

- · Who has to call in
- When to call in
- Who to call in to
- Information required
 - reason
 - duration
- Consistency is key



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- Employer's policy provides that an employee on a leave of absence cannot:
 - "perform any other gainful employment or provide physical labor to operate any type of business enterprise for profit."
- Employee certified for intermittent FMLA for migraines is out 35 days in 5 months.
- City suspects abuse, puts private eye on the case, sees Employee running lawn business.
- Employee is fired for violating policy.

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APPLY CONDUCT POLICIES

- Moonlighting provisions
- Dishonesty provisions
- Fraud provisions
- FMLA is not a free pass
- · Have to be consistent



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FACT SCENARIO

- A dispatcher is diagnosed with Crohn's disease.
- Dr. certifies that employee will need to be absent from work whenever the employee has a flare-up.
- Co. is short-staffed in dispatch and cannot accommodate such unpredictable absences
- Employee is transferred, against her will, to a clerical position with the same pay and benefits.

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TEMPORARY TRANSFERS

- The employer may transfer the employee temporarily to an available alternate position for which the employee is qualified provided the position has:
 - equivalent pay and benefits, and
 - better accommodates recurring periods of leave than the employee's regular employment position
- Alternate position does not have to include equivalent job duties
- Can only be for as long as leave is needed
- Only applies to foreseeable leave

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THE SOLUTIONS



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TAKE-AWAYS

- Require initial certification
- Question the certification
- Request recertification
- Count all qualifying absences
- Control the way the leave is used
- Apply your leave and discipline rules
- Consider transfers

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TRAIN SUPERVISORS

- Recognize patterns of abuse
- Apply policies consistently
- Communicate clearly
- Understand the legal consequences of their actions/statements



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